

Don't Be Green on Green Chemistry



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Revolutionize

Drug Development with Sustainable Enzyme Engineering

In today's rapidly evolving pharmaceutical landscape, staying ahead of the curve requires not only innovation but also a commitment to sustainability.

Don't be green on green chemistry.

At Allozymes, we believe that sustainable practices and cutting-edge technology can go hand-in-hand. That's why we've harnessed the power of enzyme engineering to revolutionize drug development and manufacturing.

Why enzyme engineering is crucial:



Speed

Accelerate drug manufacturing timelines with efficient and precise enzymatic reactions.



Affordability

Reduce costs associated with traditional chemical synthesis methods.



Success

Increase the likelihood of successful drug candidates with tailored enzyme-based approaches.



Scalability

Ensure economic viability and large-scale production of therapeutic molecules.



Eco-friendliness

Minimize environmental impact by reducing waste and energy consumption.



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Enzyme for Biosensing Application

Case Study

A commercial partner engaged Allozymes to improve an enzyme for biosensing applications. They wanted to improve the sensitive toward specific compounds and establish a recombinant method to produce this enzyme. During the project scoping process, *Pichia pastoris* was identified as the most suitable expression organism. Although *Pichia* is not a common host for protein engineering campaign, we took on the challenge and successfully developed custom workflows to achieve both sensitivity and activity improvement in 6 months.

Pichia is an established platform for industrial-scale protein production; however, its low transformation efficiency and the tendency for multiple copy integration pose challenges for generating and screening protein variant libraries. To overcome these challenges, we developed a high efficiency *Pichia* transformation method and a deep sequencing workflow to identify hits (Fig. 1).

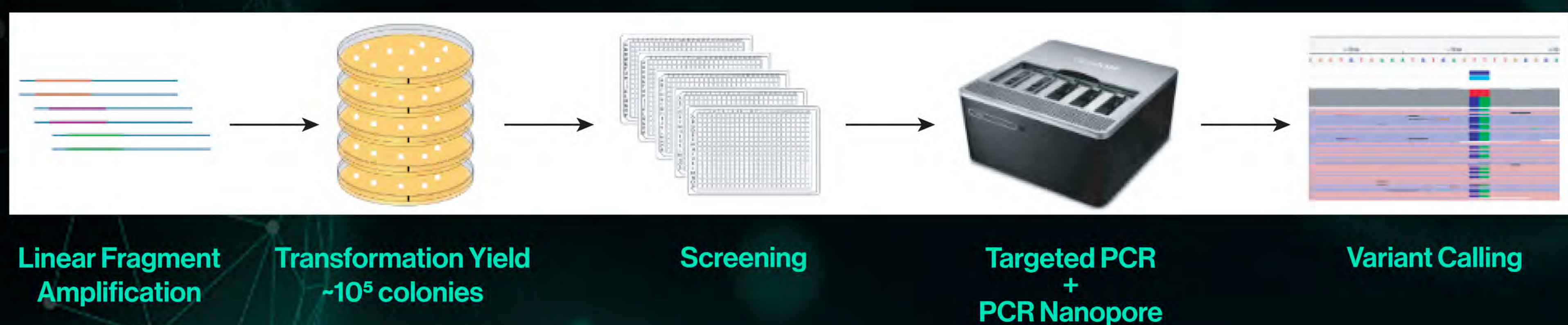


Figure 1. *Pichia* library generation and screening workflow.

Enzyme for Biosensing Application

Since the enzyme is known to have very low expression in mammalian cells or *Pichia*, we first conducted expression optimization via cassette design, such as strain selection, secretion peptide screening, and promoter screening. 5-fold improvement in *Pichia* supernatant activity was achieved in 3 weeks.

For the screening method development, we collaborated with the partner to create a mid-throughput plate-based method (<1000 clones/day), which was directly translatable to their biosensing application. To accelerate the project, we also developed a proprietary microfluidic method to screen 50,000 cells in 1 day (Fig. 2).

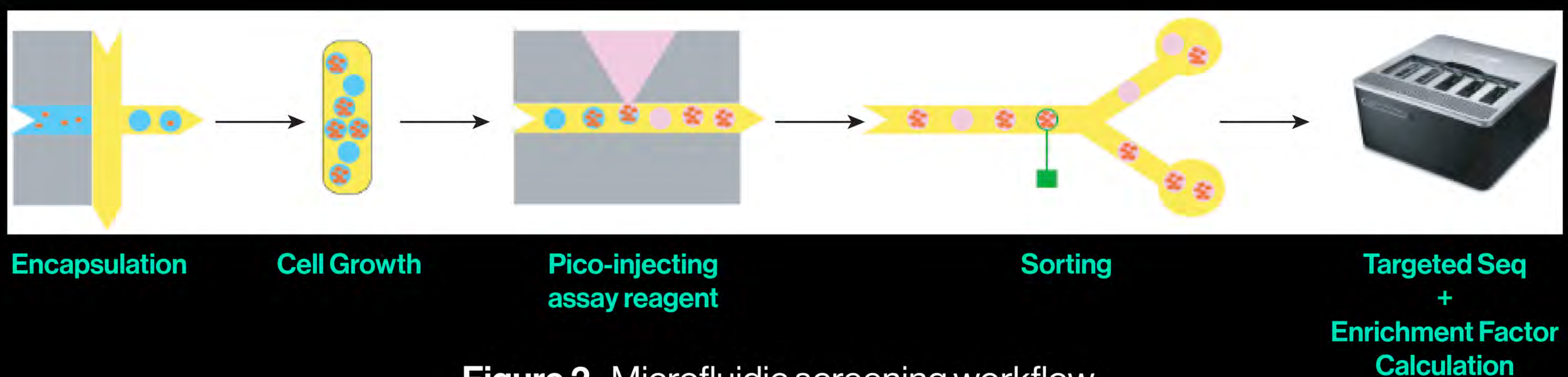


Figure 2. Microfluidic screening workflow

Enzyme for Biosensing Application

We identified 10 hotspots based on the scanning library screening result, and then created 5 combinatorial libraries to consolidate these hotspots together. The resulting combinatorial libraries were screened via plate-based and microfluidic screening. In the end, we achieved 150-fold improvement in enzyme activity in *Pichia* supernatant, and 3-fold improvement in biomolecular inhibitory constant, k_i (Fig.3).

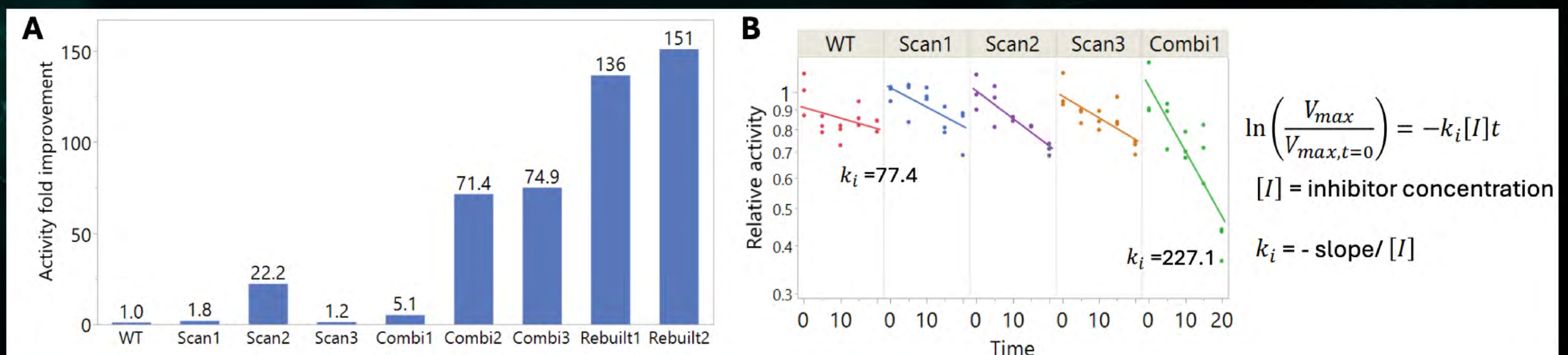


Figure 3. A) Activity of clones from different steps of the project. (B) Enzyme activity decreased over 20 mins of incubation with the inhibitor. Higher k_i indicates higher sensitivity toward the inhibitor.

Allozymes has developed a high-throughput *Pichia* protein engineering platform and successfully improved the activity and sensitivity of an enzyme within 6 months. Since there is no recombinant source of this enzyme currently available on the market, this achievement paves the way for commercialization opportunities.



Ready to explore how
Allozymes can help
you achieve your
sustainability goals?



Peyman Salehian
CEO & Co-Founder



Audrey Robic
Business Development Director



Aaron Hammons
VP of Business Development



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